

Lagrange Multipliers

Ex

Let $f(x, y, z) = 3x + 2y^2 + xz$.

Find the maximum and minimum values of $f(x, y, z)$ when restricted to the unit sphere with center at the origin.

Sol

Let $g(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$. Then the constraint equation is $g(x, y, z) = 1$.

We need to solve the following system of equations.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \nabla f = \lambda \nabla g \\ g = 1 \end{array} \right) \star$$

$$\nabla f = \langle 3 + z, 4y, x \rangle.$$

$$\nabla g = \langle 2x, 2y, 2z \rangle.$$

Now \star becomes

$$3 + z = 2\lambda x \quad \text{(i)}$$

$$4y = 2\lambda y \quad \text{(ii)}$$

$$x = 2\lambda z \quad \text{(iii)}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1. \quad \text{(iv)}$$

Notice (ii) implies $\lambda = 2$ or $y = 0$.

Suppose $\lambda = 2$. (i) and (iii) become

$$3 + z = 4x$$

$$x = 4z$$

Thus $3 + z = 16z$ so $z = \frac{1}{5}$, and $x = \frac{4}{5}$.

Now we find y using (iv).

$$\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + y^2 + \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$y^2 = 1 - \frac{16}{25} - \frac{1}{25} = \frac{8}{25}$$

$$\text{Thus } y = \pm \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{5}$$

So we have two points where the normal vectors will be parallel:

$$\left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{5}, \frac{1}{5}\right) \text{ and } \left(\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{5}, \frac{1}{5}\right)$$

Now suppose $y=0$. (i) (iii) and (iv) become

$$3+z = 2\lambda x \quad (i')$$

$$x = 2\lambda z \quad (iii')$$

$$x^2+z^2=1. \quad (iv')$$

I want to isolate λ . That requires dividing by x and z . But what if x or z is zero?

Notice if $z=0$, then $x=0$ by (iii'). Then it is impossible to solve (iv'). Thus, $z \neq 0$.

If $x=0$ and $z \neq 0$ then $\lambda=0$ and $z=-3$. But $x=0, z=-3$ does not solve (iv'). Thus, $x \neq 0$.

Now we can divide and get

$$\frac{3+z}{x} = 2\lambda = \frac{x}{z}$$

Hence

$$3z + z^2 = x^2$$

$$3z + 2z^2 = x^2 + z^2 = 1$$

$$2z^2 + 3z - 1 = 0$$

using (iv')

$$\text{So, } z = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$$

If $z = \frac{-3 - \sqrt{17}}{4} \approx -1.78$ we cannot solve

$$x^2 + z^2 = 1.$$

Thus,

$$z = \frac{-3 + \sqrt{17}}{4} \approx 0.280776406$$

is the only candidate. Then

$$x = \pm \sqrt{1 - z^2} \approx \pm 0.959773207$$

We have two more pts to check

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{-5 + 3\sqrt{17}}{2}}, 0, \frac{-3 + \sqrt{17}}{4} \right)$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{-5 + 3\sqrt{17}}{2}}, 0, \frac{-3 + \sqrt{17}}{4} \right)$$

We substitute each of these four points into $f(x, y, z)$.

$$f\left(\frac{4}{5}, \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{5}, \frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{16}{5} = 3.2$$

$$f\left(\frac{4}{5}, -\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{5}, \frac{1}{5}\right) = 3.2$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{-5+3\sqrt{17}}{2}}, 0, \frac{-3+\sqrt{17}}{4}\right) \approx 3.1488$$

$$f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{-5+3\sqrt{17}}{2}}, 0, \frac{-3+\sqrt{17}}{4}\right) \approx -3.1488.$$